

AP European History

Test & Exam Review Materials

Chapter 9: The Late Middle Ages: Social and Political Breakdown 1300-1453

Key Terms and Concepts

Battle of Crecy	Hundred Years War
Battle of Sluys	Jacquerie
Black Death	Joan of Arc
Boyars	John Ball
<i>Clericus Laicos</i>	John Huss
Conciliar Theory	John Wycliffe
Council of Constance	Lollards
Dante Alighieri	Marsilius of Padua
<i>Decameron</i>	Peace of Bretigny
Donatism	Taille
Edward III-England	<i>Unan Sanctum</i>
Estates General-medieval	vernacular
Four Articles of Prague	Wat Tyler
Great Schism	William of Ockham
Henry V-England	



Chapter 10: Renaissance & Discovery

Key Terms and Concepts

Aragon & Castile	Johan Huizinga
Boccaccio	Johannes Gutenberg
Brittany	League of Venice
Burgundy	Leonardo da Vinci
Cardinal Francisco Jimenez de Cisneros	mannerism
Cesare Borgia	Manuel Chrysoloras
Charles VIII-France	Michelangelo
civic humanism	Niccolo Machiavelli
condottieri	Northern Renaissance
Cosimo de' Medici	Petrarch
Court of Star Chamber	Platonism
Desiderius Erasmus	Raphael
Ferdinand of Aragon	Renaissance
gabelle	<i>The Prince</i>
Girolamo Savonarola	Thomas More
Golden Bull	Tudor Dynasty
Heiko Oberman	<i>Utopia</i>
Henry VII-England	
Holy Roman Empire	
humanism	
humanities	
Isabella of Castile	

Chapter 11: The Age of Reformation

Key Terms and Concepts

Act of Supremacy	Miguel de Cervantes Saavedra
Anabaptists	Ninety-Five Theses
Anne Bloeyn	Peasant Revolt
Augsburg Confession	Philip Melancthon
Charles V-Holy Roman Empire	Philip of Hesse
Council of Trent	Reformation
Counter-Reformation	Reformation Parliament
Diet of Worms	Schmalkaldic League
English Reformation	Thomas Cranmer
Henry VIII-England	Ulrich Zwingli
Ignatius of Loyola	William Shakespeare
indulgences	
Jesuits	
John Calvin	
Martin Luther	

Chapter 12: The Age of Religious Wars

Key Terms and Concepts

Battle of Lepanto
canton
Catherine de Medici
Catholic League
consubstantiation
cuius regio, eius religio

Duke of Alba
Edict of Nantes
Francis Drake
Henry IV of Navarre
Huguenots
John Knox

Mary I "Bloody Mary"
Mary, Queen of Scots
Philip II
politiques
predestination
Protestant Union
St. Bartholomew's Day
Massacre
theocracy
transubstantiation
Treaty of Westphalia
Virgin Queen
William of Orange

Chapter 13: European State Consolidations in the 17th & 18th Centuries

Key Terms and Concepts

"Contract theory" of government	Long Parliament
"Glorious Revolution"	Mercantilism
"Popery"	Navigation Act (1651)
"Rump" Parliament	New Model Army
Act of Settlement (1701)	<i>Nobless d'Eppe</i>
Battle of Poltava	<i>Nobless d'Robe</i>
Bill of Rights (1688-89)	oligarchy
Boussuet	Petition of Rights (1628)
boyars	Pragmatic Sanctions
Cardinal Mazarin	Pugachev Rebellion
Cardinal Richelieu	Puritans
Cavaliers	Roundheads
Clarendon Code	ship money
Colbert	<i>strelsi</i>
<i>Fronde</i>	Sully
Grand Remonstrance	Test Act (1673)
Hanoverians	Toleration Act (1689)
<i>intendants</i>	Tories
Jansenists	Oliver Cromwell
Junkers	Charles II (Stuart)
Triennial Act	
Ulster Plantation	
War of Devolution	
Whigs	

Chapter 14: New Directions in Thought & Culture in the 16th & 17th Centuries

Key Terms and Concepts

Baruch Spinoza
Blaise Pascal
Cartesian dualism
Copernicus
deductive reasoning
Deism
Don Quixote
empirical observation
Epicycle
Francis Bacon
Galileo Galilei
heliocentrism
inductive reasoning
Johannes Kepler
John Bunyan

John Locke
John Milton
Leviathan
panentheism
Paradise Lost
Pilgrim's Progress
Principia Mathematica
Ptolemy
Rene Descartes
Robert Boyle
The Pilgrim's Progress
Thomas Hobbes
Tycho Brahe
William Harvey

Chapter 15: Society & Economy Under the Old Regime in the 18th Century

Key Terms and Concepts

Agricultural Revolution

ancien regime

aristocratic resurgence

banalities

bourgeoise

corvee

Edmund Cartwright

enclosure

family economy

game laws

ghettos

hobereaux

Industrial Revolution

James Watt

Jethro Tull

Junker

neolocalism

Pugachev

Robert Bakewell

spinning jenny

sumptuary laws

taille

Thomas Newcomen

Turnip' Townsend

waterframe

Chapter 17: The Age of Enlightenment: 18th Century Thought

Key Terms and Concepts

"Philosopher-King"	Jean-Jacques Rousseau
"the first servant of the state"	John Locke
Adam Smith	John Wesley
Baron de Montesquieu	Joseph II (1765-1790) Austria
Calas affair	<i>laissez-faire</i>
Candide	Maria Theresa (1740-1780) Austria
Catherine the Great	Mary Wollstonecraft
constitutionalism.	Methodism
cosmology	Montesquieu
cosmopolitanism	Peter the Great (1682-1725) Russia
Deism	philosophes
Denis Diderot	Physiocrats
Encyclopedia	Pietism
Enlightened absolutism	rationalism
Francois Quesnay	salons
Frederick I (1714-1740) Prussia	The Social Contract
Frederick II (1740-1786) Prussia	utilitarianism
General Will	Voltaire
Immanuel Kant	Wealth of Nations
Issac Newton	